maximum allowable weight of a completely assembled and fully charged apparatus shall be 18 kg. (40 pounds).

(b) Where an apparatus employs equipment which contributes materially to the wearer's comfort, e.g., a cooling system, the completely assembled and fully charged apparatus shall not weigh more than 18 kg. (40 pounds) regardless of the decrease in weight during use.

## §84.90 Breathing resistance test; inhalation.

- (a) Resistance to inhalation airflow will be measured in the facepiece or mouthpiece while the apparatus is operated by a breathing machine as described in §84.88.
- (b) The inhalation resistance of opencircuit apparatus shall not exceed 32 mm. (1.25 inch) water-column height (at a flow rate of 120 liters per minute).
- (c) The inhalation resistance of closed-circuit apparatus shall not exceed the difference between exhalation resistance (§84.91(e)) and 10 cm. (4 inches) water-column height.

## §84.91 Breathing resistance test; exhalation.

- (a) Resistance to exhalation airflow will be measured in the facepiece or mouthpiece of open-circuit apparatus with air flowing at a continuous rate of 85 liters per minute.
- (b) The exhalation resistance of demand apparatus shall not exceed 25 mm. (1 inch) water-column height.
- (c) The exhalation resistance of pressure-demand apparatus shall not exceed the static pressure in the face-piece by more than 51 mm. (2 inches) water-column height.
- (d) The static pressure (at zero flow) in the facepiece shall not exceed 38 mm. (1.5 inches) water-column height.
- (e) Resistance to exhalation airflow will be measured in the facepiece or mouthpiece of closed-circuit apparatus with a breathing machine as described in §84.88, and the exhalation resistance shall not exceed 51 mm. (2 inches) water-column height.

### §84.92 Exhalation valve leakage test.

(a) Dry exhalation valves and valve seats will be subjected to a suction of

- 25 mm. (1 inch) water-column height while in a normal operating position.
- (b) Leakage between the valve and the valve seat shall not exceed 30 milliliters per minute.

# §84.93 Gas flow test; open-circuit apparatus.

- (a) A static-flow test will be performed on all open-circuit apparatus.
- (b) The flow from the apparatus shall be greater than 200 liters per minute when the pressure in the facepiece of demand-apparatus is lowered by 51 mm. (2 inches) water-column height when full container pressure is applied.
- (c) Where pressure demand apparatus are tested, the flow will be measured at zero gage pressure in the facepiece.
- (d) Where apparatus with compressed-breathing-gas containers are tested, the flow test shall also be made with  $3,450~\rm kN/m.^2$  (500 p.s.i.g.) container pressure applied.

## § 84.94 Gas flow test; closed-circuit apparatus.

- (a) Where oxygen is supplied by a constant-flow device only, the rate of flow shall be at least 3 liters per minute for the entire rated service time of the apparatus.
- (b) Where constant flow is used in conjunction with demand flow, the constant flow shall be greater than 1.5 liters per minute for the entire rated service time.
- (c) All demand-flow devices shall provide at least 30 liters of oxygen per minute when in the fully open position.

# §84.95 Service time test; open-circuit apparatus.

- (a) Service time will be measured with a breathing machine as described in §84.88.
- (b) The open-circuit apparatus will be classified according to the length of time it supplies air or oxygen to the breathing machine.
- (c) The service time obtained on this test will be used to classify the open-circuit apparatus in accordance with \$84.53.

### §84.96 Service time test; closed-circuit apparatus.

(a) The closed-circuit apparatus will be classified according to the length of

### § 84.97

time it supplies adequate breathing gas to the wearer during man test No. 4 described in Table 4 of this subpart.

(b) The service time obtained on man test No. 4 will be used to classify the closed-circuit apparatus in accordance with §84.53.

#### §84.97 Test for carbon dioxide in inspired gas; open- and closed-circuit apparatus; maximum allowable limits.

- (a) Open-circuit apparatus. (1) The concentration of carbon dioxide in inspired gas in open-circuit apparatus will be measured at the mouth while the apparatus mounted on a dummy head is operated by a breathing machine. An acceptable method for measuring the concentration of carbon dioxide is described in Bureau of Mines Report of Investigations 6865, A Machine-Test Method for Measuring Carbon Dioxide in the Inspired Air of Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus, 1966. Copies of Report of Investigations 6865 may be inspected or obtained from the NIOSH, Certification and Quality Assurance Branch, 1095 Willowdale Road, Morgantown, WV. 26505-2888.
- (2) The breathing rate will be 14.5 respirations per minute with a minute-volume of 10.5 liters.
- (3) A sedentary breathing machine cam will be used.
- (4) The apparatus will be tested at a temperature of  $27 \pm 2$  °C.  $(80 \pm 5$  °F.).
- (5) A concentration of 5 percent carbon dioxide in air will be exhaled into the facepiece.
- (b) Closed-circuit apparatus. The concentration of carbon dioxide in inspired gas in closed-circuit apparatus will be measured at the mouth while the parts of the apparatus contributing to deadair space are mounted on a dummy head and operated by the breathing machine as in paragraphs (a) (1) through (5) of this section.
- (c) During the testing required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the concentration of carbon dioxide in inspired gas at the mouth will be continuously recorded, and the maximum average concentration during the inhalation portion of the breathing cycle shall not exceed the following limits:

| Where the service time is | Maximum allowable average concentration of carbon dioxide in inspired air percent by volume |
|---------------------------|---|
| Not more than 30 minutes  | 2.5<br>2.0<br>1.5   |
| 3 hours                   | 1.0<br>1.0  |

(d) In addition to the test requirements for closed-circuit apparatus set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, gas samples will be taken during the course of the man tests described in Tables 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this subpart. These gas samples will be taken from the closed-circuit apparatus at a point downstream of the carbon dioxide sorbent, and they shall not contain more than 0.5 percent carbon dioxide at any time, except on apparatus for escape only, using a mouthpiece only, the sample shall not contain more than 1.5 percent carbon dioxide at any time.

# §84.98 Tests during low temperature operation.

- (a) The applicant shall specify the minimum temperature for safe operation and two persons will perform the tests described in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, wearing the apparatus according to applicant's directions. At the specified temperature, the apparatus shall meet all the requirements described in paragraph (e) of this section.
- (b) The apparatus will be precooled at the specified minimum temperature for 4 hours.
- (c) The apparatus will be worn in the low temperature chamber for 30 minutes, or for the service time of the apparatus, whichever is less.
- (d) During the test period, alternate 1-minute periods of exercise and rest will be required with the exercise periods consisting of stepping onto and off a box 21.5 cm. ( $8\frac{1}{2}$  inches) high at a rate of 30 cycles per minute.
- (e)(1) The apparatus shall function satisfactorily at the specified minimum temperature on duplicate tests.
- (2) The wearer shall have sufficient unobscured vision to perform the work.
- (3) The wearer shall not experience undue discomfort because of airflow restriction or other physical or chemical